The test report attached verifies the fire performance for Armstrong Sheet Flooring. The product tested is representative of, but may not be identical to the product you are purchasing. Changes in product formulation that occur for a variety of reasons may cause fluctuations in results. The above referenced data is representative of the current formulation of these products. Specifications and interpretation of fire test methods are subject to ongoing development. To assure that the information continues to be current, it is suggested that you request product certification for a specific project. The certification will reference the current applicable independent laboratory test reports.

Report On
Smoke Density Characteristics
As Determined By
ASTM E 662 Test Method

PREPARED FOR:

Armstrong World Industries, Inc. Innovation Center

Lancaster,PA

TEST NUMBER: S-1979

Armstrong Inlaid Commercial Sheet Flooring: Connection CORLON

Date of Issue: 2/12/2014



I. INTRODUCTION

The following Scope, Summary of Test Method, Test Specimens, and Specimen Conditioning sections are abridged from the Standard Test Method for Specific Optical Density of Smoke Generated by Solid Materials ASTM E662.

II. SCOPE

This fire-test response standard covers determination of the specific optical density of smoke generated by solid materials and assemblies mounted in the vertical position in thicknesses up to and including one inch. The test is based on the attenuation of a light beam by smoke accumulating within a closed chamber due to nonflaming pyrolytic decomposition and flaming combustion. Results are expressed in terms of specific optical density which is derived from a geometrical factor and the measured optical density, a measurement characteristic of the concentration of smoke.

The test is intended for use in research and development and not as a basis for ratings for regulatory purposes. At the present time, no means are provided for predicting the density of smoke which may be generated by the materials exposed to heat and flame under other fire conditions.

III. SUMMARY OF TEST METHOD

This method employs an electrically-heated radiant energy source mounted within an insulated ceramic tube and positioned so as to produce an irradiance level of 2.2 BTU/ft2 sec. (2.5W/cm2) averaged over the central 1.5 inch diameter area of a vertically mounted specimen facing the radiant heater. The nominal 3 by 3 inch specimen is mounted within a holder which exposes an area measuring 2 9/16 by 2 9/16 inch. The holder can accommodate specimens up to one inch thick. This exposure provides the nonflaming condition of the test.

For the flaming condition, a six-tube burner is used to apply a row of air-propane flamelets across the lower edge of the exposed specimen area and into the specimen holder trough. The application of flame in addition to the specified irradiance level from the heating element constitutes the flaming combustion exposure.

The test specimens are exposed to the flaming and nonflaming conditions within a closed 18 ft3 chamber. A photometric system with a 36 inch vertical light path measures the decrease in light transmission as smoke accumulates.

IV. TEST SPECIMENS

The test specimens are 3 by 3 +/- .03 inch by the intended installation thickness up to and including 1 inch thickness. Materials in thicknesses in excess of 1 inch are sliced to 1 inch and the original (uncut) surface tested. Multi-layer materials thicker than 1 inch with surface facings of different materials are sliced to 1 inch thickness, and each original (uncut) surface tested separately, if both surface facings are exposed to fire.

V. SPECIMEN CONDITIONING

Specimens are predried for 24 hours at $140 \pm 5^{\circ}F$ ($60 \pm 3^{\circ}C$) and then conditioned to equilibrium (constant weight) at an ambient temperature of $73 \pm 5^{\circ}F$ ($23 \pm 3^{\circ}C$) and a relative humidity of 50 ± 5 percent.

Report on Smoke Density Characteristics as Determined by: ASTM E 662 Test Method

Test Number:	S-1979		Test Date:	01/24/14
Report Prepared For:	Armstrong World Industries, Inc. Innovation Center Lancaster,PA			
Material Tested:	Armstrong Inlaid Commercial Sheet Flooring: Connection CORLON			
		Sample Information:		
<u>Detailed Product</u> <u>Description:</u> Sample Preparation:	Armstrong Inlaid Commercial Sheet Flooring: Connection CORLON Samples were wrapped around the back side with aluminum foil. Adhered to 1/4" cement board with Armstrong S			
	599 adhesive by the manufacturer. Weights and thicknesses include 1/4" cement board.			
Sample Selection By: Number of Specimens:	Manufacture 6	er	Sample Color: Conditioning Days:	White 15
Number of Specimens.			Conditioning Days.	15
		Test Conditions:		_
Radiometer Reading (mV):	7.25		Irradiance (W/cm2):	2.5
Furnace Temp. (°F):	1345	/h. =1 : =	Specimen Holder Used:	Trough
		(Non- Flaming Exposure		
	Burn 1	Burn 2	Burn 3	Average
Thickness (in.):	0.353	0.344	0.353	0.350
Weight (g):	70.2	65.83	70.04	68.69
<u>Chamber Pressure:</u>	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1
<u>Chamber Temp. (°F):</u>	96	95	95	95
Smoke Color:	Gray	Gray	Gray	Gray
90 Second Ds:	14	1	16	<u>10</u>
4 Minute Ds:	230	189	233	<u>217</u>
Max Dm:	506	494	477	492
Time to Max Dm (minutes):	12.34	13.65	12.53	12.84
Corrected Dm:	496	484	468	<u>482</u>
	Test Da	nta (Flaming Exposure N	1ode):	_
	Burn 1	Burn 2	Burn 3	Average
Thickness (in.):	0.345	0.344	0.343	0.344
Weight (g):	67.88	67.14	68	67.67
Chamber Pressure:	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1
Chamber Temp. (°F):	94	94	93	93
Smoke Color:	Gray	Gray	Gray	Gray
90 Second Ds:	72	84	56	<u>70</u>
4 Minute Ds:	169	162	157	<u>162</u>
Max Dm:	581	330	453	454
Time to Max Dm (minutes):	12.5	14.69	11.9	13.03
Corrected Dm:	571	318	444	444
Observations:	None.			
<u>Remarks:</u>	None.			
Test Operator	TW Note: Ds = Specific Optical Density; Dm = Max Specific Optical Density			

012.1

 $\label{thm:manager} \mbox{Manager of Fire Testing and Field Inspections}$

Report Prepared By:

 $\label{eq:continuous} \mbox{ Director of Testing, Certification, and Standards}$

Report Reviewed By:

This is a factual report of the results obtained from laboratory tests of sample products. The results may be applied only to the products tested and should not be construed as applicable to other similar products of the manufacturer. The HPVA does not verify the description of the materials and products when the description is provided by the client. This report is not a recommendation or a disapprobation by the HPVA of the material or product tested. While this report may be used for obtaining product acceptance, it may not be used in advertising.